

Sorell

Plant *Species* List



This plant species list is a sample of species that occur in your municipality and are relatively easy to grow or to purchase from a native plant nursery. Some of the more common plants are listed, as well as uncommon species that have a limited distribution and only occur in your area.

However, many more species could be included on the list. Observing your local bush is a good way to get an idea of what else may be grown in your area and is suited to your property. To help choose the right plants for your site, you will find information on plants suitable for different soil types, vegetation communities and uses, including species safe to plant below power lines.

An extensive listing of suitable species can be found on the Understorey Network website.

Dodonaea viscosa (broadleaf hopbush)

Sorell

Plant *Species* List

Standard
Name

Common
Name

Endemic

Vegetation Community

Soil Type

Uses

Grow
from

Trees

<i>Acacia dealbata</i>	silver wattle				•	•				•		•		•	•	•	•	•								•		
<i>Acacia mearnsii</i>	black wattle					•	•					•	•		•		•	•				•	•			•		
<i>Acacia verticillata</i>	prickly mimosa		•		•	•		•				•	•	•	•	•	•	•				•				•		
<i>Allocasuarina littoralis</i>	black sheoak		•			•						•		•	•		•				•					•		
<i>Allocasuarina verticillata</i>	drooping sheoak		•			•						•		•	•		•	•				•				•		
<i>Banksia marginata</i>	silver banksia		•		•	•		•				•	•	•	•	•	•									•		
<i>Bursaria spinosa</i>	prickly box					•						•		•	•	•	•	•								•		
<i>Eucalyptus amygdalina</i>	black peppermint	•	•			•	•	•				•		•	•	•	•									•		
<i>Eucalyptus globulus</i>	tasmanian blue gum				•	•						•		•	•		•	•								•		
<i>Eucalyptus ovata</i>	black gum		•		•	•		•		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•								•		
<i>Eucalyptus pulchella</i>	white peppermint	•				•						•			•	•		•								•		
<i>Eucalyptus tenuiramis</i>	silver peppermint	•				•						•			•		•									•		
<i>Eucalyptus viminalis</i>	white gum				•	•				•		•		•	•	•	•	•								•		

Shrubs

<i>Acacia genistifolia</i>	spreading wattle						•					•			•		•	•							•	•		
<i>Acacia longifolia ssp. sophorae</i>	coast wattle		•									•		•			•								•	•		
<i>Acacia myrtifolia</i>	redstem wattle					•						•			•	•	•								•	•		
<i>Acacia stricta</i>	hop wattle					•	•					•			•	•		•			•				•	•		
<i>Atriplex billardierei</i>	glistening saltbush		•						•			•	•						•	•				•	•			
<i>Bossiaea riparia</i>	leafless bossia						•		•	•		•			•		•	•							•	•		
<i>Correa reflexa</i>	native fuchsia		•				•					•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•				•		•		
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i>	broadleaf hopbush		•			•						•		•			•				•				•			
<i>Goodenia ovata</i>	hop native-primrose				•	•						•	•	•	•	•	•	•						•	•	•		
<i>Leptospermum scoparium</i>	manuka		•			•		•					•	•			•				•				•			
<i>Melaleuca pallida</i>	lemon bottlebrush				•				•			•	•		•	•	•	•							•	•		
<i>Myoporum insulare</i>	common boobialla		•											•					•						•	•	•	
<i>Odixia achlaena</i>	golden everlastingbush	•				•						•													•	•		

Standard Name

Common Name

Endemic

Vegetation Community

Soil Type

Uses

Grow from

<i>Olearia phlogopappa</i>	willowleaf dusty daisybush	•			•	•						•	•	•	•	•	•										•	•			
<i>Ozothamnus scutellifolius</i>	buttonleaf everlastingbush	•				•						•															•	•			
<i>Platylobium formosum</i>	handsome flat-pea		•					•				•		•	•		•	•									•	•			
<i>Pomaderris elliptica</i>	yellow dogwood					•						•			•		•											•	•		
<i>Pultenaea daphnoides</i>	heartleaf bushpea		•			•						•			•												•	•			
<i>Pultenaea juniperina</i>	prickly beauty				•	•						•			•	•		•									•	•			

Herbs and Groundcovers

<i>Acaena novae-zelandiae</i>	common buzzy								•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•										•	•		•	
<i>Chrysocephalum apiculatum</i>	common everlasting					•							•		•	•	•		•								•	•			
<i>Convolvulus angustissimus</i>	blushing bindweed						•						•														•	•	•		
<i>Disphyma crassifolium</i>	roundleaf pigface		•										•	•	•			•	•		•	•				•	•	•	•		
<i>Pratia pedunculata</i>	matted pratia									•			•	•		•				•							•			•	
<i>Tecticornia arbuscula</i>	shrubby glasswort										•			•													•	•	•		
<i>Viola hederacea</i>	ivy-leaf violet		•			•		•				•	•	•	•	•	•										•	•		•	

Grasses, Lillies, Sedges

<i>Arthropodium milleflorum</i>	pale vanilla-lily				•					•			•		•				•		•	•					
<i>Carex longebrachiata</i>	drooping sedge					•					•											•	•				
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	spreading flax-lily		•		•	•		•			•	•										•	•				
<i>Lomandra longifolia</i>	sagg		•			•	•	•			•		•	•		•	•					•	•				
<i>Poa labillardierei</i>	tussock grass				•			•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•			•			•	•		•		
<i>Themeda triandra</i>	kangaroo grass					•				•	•			•	•	•			•			•	•			•	

Climbers

<i>Glycine clandestina</i>	twining glycine		•				•			•		•	•	•											•		
<i>Hardenbergia violacea</i>	purple coralpea				•					•															•		
<i>Tetragonia implexicoma</i>	bower spinach		•									•					•	•		•	•					•	

Note: However well intended, planting threatened species is potentially problematic. Due to risks of genetic contamination, limited availability of provenance plants and to discourage collection from native occurrences without a permit, threatened species were deliberately not included in these plant lists.

For more information contact:

NRM South
03 6208 6111
www.nrmsouth.org.au

or

The Understorey Network
03 6234 4286
www.understorey-network.org.au



There are many good reasons for planting local native plant species:

Native plants occurring naturally in an area are adapted to survive and thrive in local environmental conditions, so you are more likely to have a successful planting site by choosing local species. By planting locally sourced species, you are helping to preserve any natural variability within that species. Planting local species also assists with providing habitat for birds, insects and mammals in your area.

Plants can be obtained from a native plant nursery or you may like to collect your own seed and to grow them yourself. The Understorey Network can assist you with advice on how to propagate native seeds. It's cheap (no hothouses or shadehouses are required) and surprisingly easy!



Plant Species List



Proudly supported by Aurora Energy



Explore the possibilities



Australian Government

Illustrations: Janet Fenton Graphic Design: Julia Dineen Printed on 100% recycled paper.
Data sources: DPIW (2007). *Native Vascular Plant Records for Tasmania*. Unpublished data provided on CD by Natural Values Atlas 30/03/2007.
Understorey Network online plant database: <http://www.understorey-network.org.au/plant-database.html>